# The Hybrid Pressure Switch Pump Station Controller Installation, Operations, And Maintenance Procedures 

Telemetry And Control System Engineering Series

## Version 1.02

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

In 1995, Navionics Research introduced the WiSTAR Network, an acronym derived from Wireless $\underline{\text { System Telemetry And Remote-Control. This product was designed to }}$ solve the problems posed by the complex distributed control and monitoring requirements of the rural water and wastewater industries. Early in the development stages, it became apparent that the WiSTAR RTU should support a control language which offered the flexibility of field programming and interactive debugging. This meant that, in addition to its wireless communication and telemetry functions, the WiSTAR RTU should offer the full industrial control power of a PLC (Programmable Logic Controller), yet without the limitations of the master-slave architecture. Furthermore, because the control decisions of rural water systems are optimally made across the wireless link, the control language would be most effective if it contained a library of functions which specifically address inter-site control, data-sharing, and radio-link status evaluation. As a result of these demanding requirements, NCL, an acronym derived from Network Control Language, was developed. It is offered as Navionics' open control language with a focus on solving difficult distributed wireless control problems.

Inherent in the WiSTAR RTU's intelligence is the ability to detect and alarm fault conditions. For example, if a WiSTAR RTU in a Pump Station should lose communications with its controlling water tower, then it will detect this condition and provide an alarm to the operator. Furthermore, the WiSTAR RTU will fail over into an alternate control mode until the fault condition (loss of communications) is corrected. The possible failover options are virtually unlimited, and, in general, any NCLprogrammable or External-Hardware method can be easily implemented.

This manual describes the operational and maintenance procedures for a unique External-Hardware failover method, which will be described hereafter as a "Hybrid Pressure Switch". This device was designed according to the guidelines put forth by Mr. Wally Cox (Heneghan \& Associates Engineers). It operates using the best features of a Pressure Switch combined with the best features of a Timer.

A conventional Pressure Switch operates a pump with a "Low-Pressure Turn-ON" level and a "High-Pressure Turn-OFF" level. However, several problems occur when using a Pressure Switch by itself. First, water hammers often occur upon pump turn-on or shutoff, often causing false stops or false starts. Second, an accurate tuning of the "HighPressure Turn-OFF" level is difficult to achieve with the Pressure Switch due to a high degree of head loss and turbulence when the pump is running.

A conventional Timer operates a pump during fixed periods on a daily basis. However, because water usage often varies dramatically from one day to the next, Timer-based operation can cause water shortages or tower overflows if not constantly supervised.

The "Hybrid Pressure Switch" described in this manual operates using the Pressure Switch to determine when the pump should turn ON, and a Time-Delay Relay to determine the runtime. Additionally, a second Time-Delay Relay is placed in the TurnON circuit to prevent false starts due to water hammers. By eliminating the requirement of a "High-Pressure Turn-OFF" level in the Pressure Switch and by eliminating the false starts and stops due to water hammers, the provided device is a substantial improvement over either a Timer or a Pressure Switch.

## 2 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Figure 1. Wiring Diagram


Figure 2. Example Applications


## 3 INSTALLATION

1. The enclosure should be attached to the wall or alternate mounting surface using the four (4) mounting flanges. The enclosure should then be connected to the main control panel using appropriate conduit and fittings.
2. The circuit requires 120VAC, Neutral, and GND. The 120VAC should be connected to the Black terminal block marked "L". The Neutral should be connected to the White (or Gray) terminal block marked "N". The GND should be connected to the grounding bar marked "Equipment GND".
3. A hydraulic sensing line should be connected from the discharge line of the Pump Station to the Pressure Connection of the Pressure Switch. The Pressure Switch contains an integral snubber to filter out transient pressures.
4. A normally-open contact on R 1 provides the dry contact which is to control the pump. Note that these contacts should be rated for sufficient voltage and current to drive the desired control circuit.

## 4 TIMER CALIBRATION

In order to complete the Timer Calibrations described herein, refer to Figure 2: Device Layout.

Figure 2. Device Layout


1. Calibrate Time-Delay Relay \#1. This relay controls the delay before turning the pump ON. This delay is designed to eliminate false starts due to water hammers on the line. The delay should be set to the operator's preference, and usually within the 15-45 minute range. This time-delay relay should be set for the operating mode: "DELAY ON MAKE".
2. Calibrate Time-Delay Relay \#2. This relay controls the pump runtime. In other words, once the pump turns ON, it will run for the amount of time set on this relay. This time setting should not exceed the length of time that it would take to fill the tower from the "Pump Turn-ON" threshold during a "Low-Usage" period. This time-delay relay should be set for the operating mode: "DELAY ON MAKE".

## 5 PRESSURE CALIBRATION

In order to complete the Pressure Calibration described herein, refer to Figure 3: Pressure Switch Internal Details.

Figure 3. Pressure Switch Internal Details
Ashcroft B - Series Pressure Switch
(Note: Product has non-adjustable, narrow deadband.
Deadband does not require adjustment.)


Allen Bradley Bulletin 836 Pressure Switch
(Note: Product has adjustable deadband.
Deadband requires adjustment.)


1. This procedure must be performed when the Water Tower is at the desired "Call-ForPump" level.
2. Deadband Adjust. Set the Deadband Pressure to the Minimum Setting by turning the adjustment all the way clockwise. Note: For certain pressure switches, a deadband adjustment is not required.
3. Range Adjust. With the Pressure Switch "Range" set to the Maximum Setting, decrease the range by turning the Range Adjustment counterclockwise. When the Pressure Switch switches into the ON position (Time-Delay Relay \#1 will show "Input Power ON"), the correct Pump Turn-ON pressure will be achieved.

## 6 OPERATIONS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

This section describes the correct operation of the "Hybrid Pressure Switch". Troubleshooting is simplified by matching the below-documented situations with the actual field operations using the integral LED's on the front faces of the two Time-Delay Relays.

## Situation 1. Pressure Switch Is Open (And Has Been Open For A Long Time).

(The following conditions will persist until the Pressure Switch closes.)
a. Time-Delay Relay \#1:

Input Power: OFF
Output Relay: OFF
b. Time-Delay Relay \#2:

Input Power: ON
Output Relay: ON
c. Pump:

OFF

## Situation 2. Pressure Switch Has Just Closed.

(The following conditions will persist for the amount of time set on Time-Delay Relay \#1.)
a. Time-Delay Relay \#1: Input Power: ON
Output Relay: OFF
b. Time-Delay Relay \#2:

Input Power: ON
Output Relay: ON
c. Pump:

OFF

## Situation 3. Time-Delay Relay \#1 Has Just Timed Out.

(The following conditions will persist for only a few seconds, until the Pressure Switch opens up.)
a. Time-Delay Relay \#1:

Input Power: ON
Output Relay: ON
b. Time-Delay Relay \#2:

Input Power: OFF
Output Relay: OFF
c. Pump:

ON

## Situation 4. The Pressure Switch Has Just Opened Up.

(The following conditions will persist until Time-Delay Relay \#2 times out.)
a. Time-Delay Relay \#1:

Input Power: OFF
Output Relay: OFF
b. Time-Delay Relay \#2:

Input Power: ON
Output Relay: OFF
c. Pump:

ON

## Situation 5. Time-Delay Relay \#2 Has Just Timed Out.

(Note: This situation is identical To Situation 1. And the following conditions will persist until the Pressure Switch closes again.)
a. Time-Delay Relay \#1:

Input Power: OFF
Output Relay: OFF
b. Time-Delay Relay \#2:

Input Power: ON
Output Relay: ON
c. Pump: OFF

## Troubleshooting Tips:

In order for the Hybrid Pressure Switch to operate correctly, the pump must elevate the discharge pressure in the line above the deadband (usually at least 3 psi higher than the pressure before the pump turned ON ). In the unlikely circumstance that this does not occur, then the control circuit will stay "locked" in "Situation 3".

## 7 CONCLUDING REMARKS

With the installation complete, it is good practice to observe the "Hybrid Pressure Switch" in action in order to verify correct operation. Also, the "Pressure Calibration" procedure should be repeated once every 12 months in order to correct for any "setpoint drift" which may occur within the Pressure Switch.

## 8 COMPONENT LIST

## Component List:

Note: The equipment listed in this section constitutes the components tested and recommended by Navionics Research. However, equivalent components may substituted.
A. Hoffman A-1212CH Piano Hinge JIC Box, or equal.
B. Hoffman A-12P12 Back Panel, or equal.
C. Ashcroft Series B Pressure Switch in NEMA-4X Enclosure
(Cat.\# B4-20-B-XNHPK-\#\#\# PSI)
or
Allen Bradley Bulletin 836 Pressure Switch In NEMA-1 Enclosure
(Cat.\# 836-C\#A, \# = 3 (30 psi), 4 ( 45 psi ), 5 ( 80 psi ), 6 (100 psi), 7 (150 psi) ), or equal.
D. Allen Bradley Bulletin 700 General Purpose Timing Relay (Quantity=2)
(Cat.\# 700-FEA3TU23),
or
SSAC TRU-2 Timer SPDT 8-Pin (Quantity=2)
IDEC SR2P-06 8-Pin Relay Socket (Quantity=2), or equal.
E. Siemens GB-14 14 Point LD-CTR Groundbar Kit
F. Allen Bradley Bulletin700 Type H 4PDT Relay (Cat.\# 700-HC24A1-3-4), or equal.
G. Allen Bradley Bulletin 700 Type H Relay Socket (Cat.\# 700-HN103), or equal.
H. Allen Bradley Bulletin 199 Din-Rail (Cat.\# 199-DR1).
or equal.

## Data Sheets:

The data sheets for the Ashcroft Pressure Switch, Allen-Bradley Pressure Switches, and SSAC Time-Delay Relay are available in the "Members-Only" Area of the Navionics Web Site: http://wireless-telemetry.com

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# DASHCROF' 

YOUR PRESSURE AND
TEMPERATURE SWITCH SOURCE

## B-SERIES SWTCHES <br> PRESSURE, DIFFERENIIAL <br> PRESSURE, TEMPERATURE <br> AND HYDRAULIC



## B-SERIES PRODUCT INFORMATION

The Dresser Control Instrument Operation supplies highly reliable Ashcroft ${ }^{\oplus}$ switches and controls for industrial and process applications. We begin with rock-solid designs, matching the most appropriate technology with the safety and reliability requirements of the applications. The materials of construction are specified to Dresser's exacting standards, and product is built to last in the toughest applications. Our modern, responsive manufacturing facility in Connecticut is supported by an extensive network of stocking distributors and factory sales offices located in virtually every part of the world. Special application assistance is always just a telephone call away.
The Ashcroft B-Series switch line is designed to satisfy most switch requirements. Materials of construction have been selected for long life. A wide variety of precision switch elements are avail-
able to meet every application requirement, including hermetically sealed contacts for added reliability and safety. The actuators we use have been proven in more than 20 years of service in the world's plants and mills. Special designs are available for fire safety, NACE, limit control and other more stringent requirements. Simplicity and ease of use are stressed to improve reliability of the installation.
B-Series switches have proven reliable in such harsh environments as:

- Offshore oil rigs
- Chemical and petrochemical plants
- Pulp and paper mills
- Steel mills
- Power plants
- Water and sewage-treatment plants
- Other corrosive environments


## Type 400 Enclosure

UL and CSA listed instrument quality snap-action switch for reliable operation. Ratings up to 10A dc or 20A ac. Hermetically sealed switch also available.


Pressure and differential I.W. ranges -
Epoxy-coated carbon steel

Applications include: pumps, compressors, washers, filters, degreasers, evaporators, recovery systems, food processing, ground support equip-ment, reverse osmosis systems, heat exchangers, hydraulic systems, lubrication systems, marine equipment, textile machinery, heating and air conditioning equipment.

## Hermetically Sealed Switch

We recommend hermetically sealed switch elements for improved reliability. The hermetically sealed switch provides uncompromising contact protection in harsh or corrosive environments. The Ashcroft 400 Series is also approved for installation in Division II hazardous areas when supplied with hermetically sealed contacts.


Features:

- UL-recognized component, guide WSQ2, File E85076
- All-stainless steel welded construction

RECOMMENDED PRACTICE:
All controls should be selected considering the media and ambient operating conditions. Improper application can be detrimental to the switch, cause failure and possibly personal injury or property damage.

The information in this catalog is offered as a guide to assist in making the proper selection of Ashcroft controls.

Additional information is available from Dresser Control Instrument Operations Sales. Offices are listed on the back cover.

## Type 700 Enclosure

UL and CSA listed instrument quality snap-action switch for reliable operation. Ratings up to 10A dc or 20A ac. Hermetically sealed switch also available. Dual (2 SPDT) shown.

Epoxy-coated aluminum enclosure and cover for corrosion resistance. Class 1, Division 1 \& 2, Groups B, C, D, Class 2, Division 1 \& 2, Groups E, F, G,


## PRESSURE AND DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCHES

B-Series pressure, differential pressure and vacuum switches use two different actuators depending on setpoint requirements. For setpoints between 2 and 3000 psi, the simple, rugged diaphragmsealed piston actuator is used. This design features high reliability and choice of actuator seal materials for virtually every application. An optional welded design is also available for setpoints up to 1000 psi for maximum reliability. This design is available in 316

SS or Monel. Differential pressure models use a unique, dual diaphragmsealed piston design that features very high static operating pressures and small size.

For setpoints between 4.5 and 150 inches of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, a large diaphragm is used for increased sensitivity in both pressure and differential pressure designs with good choice of materials of construction.

All standard models feature $\pm 1$ percent of range setpoint repeatability and a minimum of 400 percent of range proof pressures.

These standard designs perform well in applications where shock and vibration could be a problem and may be used in conjunction with Ashcroft diaphragm seals in extreme services such as slurries or abrasive process fluids.

## PRESSURE/VACUUM SWITCHES

|  |  |  | Overpress | e Ratings |  | proximate | eadband | itch Elem |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nominal Range |  | Proof psi | Burst psi | 20, 26, 27 | 21, 24, 31 | 50 | 22 | 32 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Vacuum } \\ & -30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Hg} \end{aligned}$ | -760mm Hg | -100 kPa | 500 | 1000 | 0.3-0.7 | 1.5-3.0 | 0.5-2.2 | 0.4-1.5 | 2.1-4.2 |
| Compound |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -15" $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ | -375mm H2O/ | $-3.7 \mathrm{kPa}$ | 20 | 35 | 0.15-.75/ | 1.5-2.5/ | $0.45-2.0 /$ | 0.5-1.2/ | 2.1-3.5/ |
| $15^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $375 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ | 3.7 kPa |  |  | 0.15-.75 | 1.5-2.5 | $0.45-2.0$ | 0.5-1.2 | 2.1-3.5 |
| $-30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ | -760mm H2O/ | $-7.5 \mathrm{kPa}$ | 20 | 35 | $0.30-.60$ | 1.5-2.5/ | 0.45-2.0/ | $0.5-1.5 /$ | 2.1-3.5/ |
| $30 " \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $760 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ | 7.5 kPa |  |  | $0.30-.60$ | $1.5-2.5$ | $0.45-2.0$ | $0.5-1.5$ | 2.1-3.5 |
| $-30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Hg} /$ | -760mm Hg/ | $-100 \mathrm{kPa}$ |  |  | 0.5-1.0/ | 2.0-3.0/ | 0.75-2.5/ | 0.7-1.8/ | 2.8-4.2/ |
| 15 psi | $1.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 100 kPa | 500 | 1000 | 0.3-0.7 | 0.5-1.5 | $0.5-1.0$ | 0.7-1.4 | 0.7-2.1 |
| $-30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Hg} /$ | $-760 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg} /$ | $-100 \mathrm{kPa}$ |  |  | 1.0-1.5/ | 3.0-6.0/ | 1.2-4.5/ | 1.4-2.4 | 4.2-8.4/ |
| 30 psi | $2.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 200 kPa | 500 | 1000 | 0.3-0.8 | 1.0-2.0 | 0.7-1.5 | 0.4-1.3 | 1.4-2.8 |
| $-30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Hg} /$ | $-760 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg} /$ | -100 kPa/ |  |  | 2.0-3.0/ | 5.0-9.0/ | 2.5-7.0/ | 2.8-4.5 | 7.0-12.0/ |
| 60 psi | $4.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 400 kPa | 500 | 1000 | 0.7-1.5 | 3.0-5.0 | 1.1-4.0 | 1.0-2.3 | 4.2-7.0 |
| Pressure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $10^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $250 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 2.5 kPa | 20 | 35 | 0.2-0.5 | 1.0-2.0 | 0.35-1.5 | 0.4-1.0 | 1.4-2.8 |
| $30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $750 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ | 7.5 kPa | 20 | 35 | 0.3-0.6 | 1.5-2.5 | 0.45-2.0 | 0.5-2.0 | 2.1-3.5 |
| $60^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $1500 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 15 kPa | 20 | 35 | 0.5-1.3 | 1.5-3.5 | 0.9-2.5 | 0.7-3.0 | 2.1-5.0 |
| $100 " \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $2500 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ | 25 kPa | 20 | 35 | 0.6-1.6 | 2.5-5.5 | 1.1-4.0 | 1.0-4.0 | 3.5-7.7 |
| $150 " \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $3750 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 37 kPa | 20 | 35 | 1.0-2.5 | 4.5-8.5 | 1.7-6.5 | 2.0-6.0 | 6.0-12.0 |
| 15 psi | $1.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 100 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 0.1-0.35 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.2-1.0 | 0.4-1.0 | 0.7-2.1 |
| 30 psi | 2.0 kg/cm ${ }^{2}$ | 200 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 0.1-0.50 | 0.5-1.5 | 0.3-1.0 | 0.4-1.0 | 0.7-2.1 |
| 60 psi | $4.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 400 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 0.3-1.0 | 1.0-3.5 | 0.7-2.5 | 0.6-2.0 | 1.4-5.0 |
| 100 psi | $7.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 700 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 0.5-1.7 | 1.5-5.0 | 1.1-3.5 | 1.0-4.5 | 2.1-7.0 |
| 200 psi | $14 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 1400 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 1-3 | 5-13 | 2-9 | 3.0-7.5 | 7.0-18.2 |
| 400 psi | $28 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 2800 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 4-7.5 | 5-24 | 5.5-15 | 4.0-11.0 | 7.0-33.6 |
| 600 psi | $42 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 4200 kPa | 2400 | 3000 | 4-11 | 9-30 | 7-20 | 5.0-23.0 | 12.6-42 |
| 1000 psi | $70 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 7000 kPa | 12000 | 18000 | 7-30 | 30-110 | 18-70 | 15-80 | 42-154 |
| 3000 psi | $210 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 2100 kPa | 12000 | 18000 | 15-60 | 80-235 | 37-160 | $30.0-230$ | 112-329 |

## DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCHES

| Nominal Range ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | Pressure Ratings |  | Approximate Deadband ${ }^{(2)}$ Switch Element |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Static Working Pressure | Proof psi | 20, 26, 27 | 21, 24, 31 | 50 | 22 | 32 |
| $30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $750 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 7.5 kPa | 5.4 | 21.6 | 0.3-0.6 | 1.5-2.5 | 0.45-2.0 | 0.5-2.0 | 2.1-3.5 |
| $60^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $1500 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 15 kPa | 5.4 | 21.6 | 0.5-1.3 | 1.5-3.5 | 0.9-2.5 | 0.7-3.0 | 2.1-5.0 |
| $100 " \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 2500mm H2O | 25 kPa | 5.4 | 21.6 | 0.6-1.6 | 2.5-5.5 | 1.1-4.0 | 1.0-4.0 | 3.5-7.7 |
| $150{ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $3750 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 37 kPa | 5.4 | 21.6 | 1.0-2.5 | 4.5-8.5 | 1.8-6.5 | 2.0-6.0 | 6.3-12.0 |
| 15 psid | $1.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 100 kPa | 500 | 2000 | 0.5-1.0 | 2.0-5.0 | 0.7-3.5 | 0.7-1.4 | 2.8-7.0 |
| 30 psid | 2.0 kg/cm ${ }^{2}$ | 200 kPa | 500 | 2000 | 1.0-2.0 | 2.0-5.0 | 1.5-3.5 | 1.4-2.8 | 2.8-7.0 |
| 60 psid | $4.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 400 kPa | 500 | 2000 | 2.0-4.0 | 3.0-6.0 | 3.0-4.5 | 2.8-5.6 | 4.2-8.5 |
| 100 psid | $7.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 700 kPa | 1000 | 4000 | 4.0-10.0 | 11.0-20.0 | 7.0-15.0 | 6.0-14.0 | 16.0-28.0 |
| 200 psid | 14.0 kg/cm ${ }^{2}$ | 1400 kPa | 1000 | 4000 | 5.0-15.0 | 12.0-40.0 | 10.0-26.0 | 7.0-21.0 | 17.0-56.0 |
| 400 psid | 28.0 kg/cm ${ }^{2}$ | 2800 kPa | 1000 | 8000 | 10.0-20.0 | 20.0-60.0 | 15.0-40.0 | 14.0-28.0 | 28.0-84.0 |
| 600 psid | $420 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 4200 kPa | 1000 | 8000 | 20.0-40.0 | 80.0-150.0 | 30.0-115.0 | 30.0-56.0 | 112.0-210.0 |

Values shown are for zero static working pressure.

## NOTES:

1 Switches may generally be set between $15 \%$ and $100 \%$ of nominal range on increasing pressure. Consult factory for applications where setpoints must be lower.

2 All deadbands are given in English units as shown in the nominal range column. Deadbands shown are for switches with Buna N diaphragm. Approximate deadbands for optional diaphragms:

Viton: Multiply Buna N value by 1. Teflon: $\quad$ Multiply Buna $N$ value by 1.2 Stainless Steel: Multiply Buna N value by 1.7 Monel: Multiply Buna N value by 1.7 Dual Switch Element: Multiply single switch element value by 1.6 for approximate deadband.

## B-SERIES PRESSURE AND DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCH MODEL NUMBER:

To specify the exact switch desired, select entries from appropriate tables as shown in example below.


| 1 - ENCLOSURE |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| B4 | Pressure switch, Type 400, watertight enclosure <br> meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements. |
| B7 | Pressure switch, Type 700, explosion-proof <br> enclosure meets Div. 1 \& 2, NEMA 7, 9 and IP66 <br> requirements. |
| D4 | Differential pressure switch, Type 400, water- <br> tight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and <br> IP66 requirements. |
| D7 | Differential pressure switch, Type 700, explosion- <br> proof enclosure meets Div. 1 \& 2, NEMA 7, 9 and <br> IP66 requirements. |


| 3 - ACTUATOR SEAL |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code and Material | Process Temperature Limits ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}^{(9)}$ | Range |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Vac. } \\ \\ \hline \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0-600 \\ \mathrm{psi} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \mathrm{psi} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3000 \\ \mathrm{psi} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| B - Buna-N | 0 to 150 | - | - | - |  |
| V - Viton | 20 to 300 | - | - | - |  |
| T- Teflon | 0 to 150 | - | - | - | - |
| S - 316L ${ }^{(8)}$ | 0 to 300 |  | - | - |  |
| P - Monel ${ }^{(8)}$ | 0 to 300 |  | - | - |  |

4 - OPTIONS
Use table from page 10

## 5 - RANGE

Select from table on page 4

## NOTES:

1 Standard switch.
2 Not available with psid ranges.
3 Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches, not independently adjustable.
4 Wires cannot be terminated inside B400 switch enclosure.
5 Not available with type 700 enclosure.
6 Estimated dc. rating, 2.5A, 28 Vdc (not UL listed).
7 Estimated dc rating, $0.4 \mathrm{~A}, 120 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (not UL listed).
8 Available on pressure only.
9 Ambient operating temperature limits -20 to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, all styles, setpoint shift of $\pm 1 \%$ of range per $50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ temperature change is normal.
Switches are calibrated at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ reference.

B-Series temperature switches feature a SAMA Class II vapor pressure thermal system. This system provides quick, accurate response to process temperature changes with negligible ambient temperature effects. This is inherent in the design due to the precise relationship that exists between
temperature and pressure according to the vapor pressure laws. A wide selection of sensing bulb and armored capillary lengths is available. The vapor pressure system design features small bulb sizes, making installation easy and cost-effective.
All models feature $\pm 1.0 \%$ percent of
span setpoint repeatability with very high overtemperature ratings.
These standard designs perform well in applications where shock and vibration could be a problem and should be used with Ashcroft thermowells for bulb protection and ease of installation and maintenance.

## STANDARD TEMPERATURE RANGE SELECTION

| Nominal Range $^{(1)}$ |  | Maximum <br> Temperature | Approximate Deadband ${ }^{(1)}$ Switch Element |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 , 2 6 , 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 , 2 4 , 3 1}$ | 50 | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |
| -40 to 60 | -40 to 16 | 400 | $1.0-2.0$ | $3.0-8.0$ | $1.5-5.5$ | $1.4-6.0$ | $8.0-16.0$ |
| 0 to 100 | -20 to 40 | 400 | $1.5-3.0$ | $5.0-12.0$ | $2.2-8.5$ | $1.5-7.5$ | $9.0-20.0$ |
| 75 to 205 | 20 to 95 | 400 | $1.5-3.5$ | $8.0-16.0$ | $2.5-12.0$ | $2.0-9.0$ | $10.0-24.0$ |
| 150 to 260 | 65 to 125 | 400 | $1.5-3.0$ | $5.0-12.0$ | $2.2-8.5$ | $2.0-9.0$ | $10.0-24.0$ |
| 235 to 375 | 110 to 190 | 500 | $1.5-3.5$ | $5.0-12.0$ | $2.5-8.5$ | $2.0-9.0$ | $10.0-24.0$ |
| 350 to $525^{(3)}$ | 175 to 275 | 700 | $2.0-4.5$ | $8.0-16.0$ | $3.2-12.0$ | $2.5-10.0$ | $15.0-34.0$ |
| 500 to $750^{(2)}$ | 260 to 400 | 900 | $4.0-8.0$ | $16.0-30.0$ | $7.2-24.0$ | $5.0-23.0$ | $30.0-50.0$ |

## NOTES:

1 All deadbands given in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
2 Available with remote mount thermal systems only.
3 Not available with $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ stem.

4 Dual switch element multiply single switch element value by 1.6 for approximate deadband.
5 Set and reset points must fall within the adjustable range.

## THERMOWELLS

Thermowells must be used on any application where the bulb of the temperature switch may be exposed to pressure, corrosive fluids or high velocity. Additionally, the use of a thermowell permits instrument interchange or calibration check without disturbing or closing down the process.
Ashcroft temperature switches have bulb diameters to match $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ nominal bore thermowells Is. The bulbs have a sensitive portion length of 2 " which can be used with $2^{1} / 2$ " " $U$ " dimensioned thermowells or longer. For maximum accuracy a thermowells "U" dimension should be selected to permit complete immersion of the sensitive portion plus $1^{\prime \prime}$ when measuring the temperature of liquids; an extra 3" should be allowed when measuring the temperature of gases.

Thermowell bushings should be used with remote mount temperature switches. We recommend the standard $3^{\prime \prime}$ bulb and code 69 Series bushings for use with any thermowell " $U$ " dimension. A split rubber grommet allows easy installation and "S" dimension adjustment.
To order a thermowell, refer to Price Sheet TH/PS-1 for complete information.


## ORDER INFORMATION

## B-SERIES TEMPERATURE SWITCH MODEL NUMBER:

To specify the exact switch desired, select entries from appropriate tables as shown in example below.


| 1 - ENCLOSURE |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| T4 | Temperature switch, Type 400, watertight enclosure <br> meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements. |
| T7 | Temperature switch, Type 700, explosion-proof <br> enclosure meets Div. 1 \& 2, NEMA 7, 9 and IP66 <br> requirements. |


| 2 - SWITCH ELEMENT SELECTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order Code | Switch Elements UL/CSA Listed SPDT |  |
| $20^{(7)}$ | Narrow deadband ac | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 21 | Ammonia service | 5A, 125/250 Vac |
| $22^{(6)}$ | Hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband | 5A, 125/250 Vac |
| 23 | Heavy duty ac | 22A, 125/250 Vac |
| $24^{(1)}$ | General purpose | 15A, 125/250/480 Vac $1 / 2 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{Vdc}$ <br> 1/4A, 250 Vdc ; $6 \mathrm{~A}, 30 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| 25 | Heavy duty dc | 10A, 125 Vac or dc, $1 / 8 \mathrm{HP}, 125 \mathrm{Vac}$ or dc |
| $26^{(7)}$ | Sealed environment proof | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 27 | High temperature $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| $28^{(5)}$ | Manual reset trip on increasing | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| $29^{(5)}$ | Manual reset trip on decreasing | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 31 | Low level (gold) contacts | 1A, 125 Vac |
| 32 | Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose | 11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc |
| 50 | Variable deadband | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| UL/CSA Listed Dual (2 SPDT) |  |  |
| $61^{(7)}$ | Dual narrow deadband | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| $62^{(7)}$ | Dual sealed environment proof | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 63 | Dual high temp. $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 64 | Dual general purpose | 15A, 125/250/480 Vac 1/2A, 125 Vdc <br> $1 / 4 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| 65 | Dual ammonia service | 5A, 125/250 Vac |
| $67^{(4,6)}$ | Dual hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband | 5A, 125/250 Vac |
| $68{ }^{(4)}$ | Dual hermetically sealed switch, general purpose | 11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc |
| $71^{(4)}$ | Dual hermetically sealed switch, gold contacts | 1A, 125 Vac |


| 3 - THERMAL SYSTEM SELECTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct Mount |  |  |  |
| Order Cod | System Material |  | Style |
| TS | 316 SS |  | Rigid |
| Remote Mount |  |  |  |
| Order Code | System Material | Line Length | Style ${ }^{(9)}$ |
| T05 | 316 SS | 5' | Capillary |
| T10 | 316 SS | $10^{\prime}$ | with |
| T15 | 316 SS | $15^{\prime}$ | 302 SS |
| T20 | 316 SS | 20' | Spring |
| T25 | 316 SS | $25^{\prime}$ | Armor |


| 4 - BULB LENGTH SELECTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct Mount |  |  |
| Order | "S" Dimension | Minimum Thermowell "U" Dimension |
| $027{ }^{(8)}$ | $2^{3 / 4}$ | - |
| 040 | 4" | $2^{1 / 2 / 2}$ |
| 060 | 6 | 41/2" |
| 090 | $9{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 71/2" |
| 120 | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{1 / 2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Remote Mount |  |  |
| 030 ${ }^{(9)}$ | 3 " | 21/2" |

5 - OPTIONS
Use table on page 10

| $6-$ STANDARD TEMPERATURE <br> RANGE SELECTION |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Adjustable Range |  |
| ${ }^{\circ} \mathbf{F}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |
| -40 to 60 | -40 to 16 |
| 0 to 100 | -40 to 40 |
| 75 to 205 | 20 to 95 |
| 150 to 260 | 65 to 125 |
| 23 to 375 | 110 t 190 |
| 350 to 525 | 175 t 275 |
| 500 to $750^{(2)}$ | 260 to 400 |

## NOTES:

1 Standard switch.
2 Available with remote mount thermal systems only.
3 Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches, not independently adjustable.
4 Wires cannot be terminated inside T400 switch enclosure.
5 Not available with Type 700
enclosure
6 Estimated dc rating, 2.5A, 28 Vdc (not UL listed).
7 Estimated dc rating, 0.4 A , 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
8 Not available on 350 to $525^{\circ}$ F.
9 Consult factory on remote mount for bulb lengths other than 3".

## ORDER INFORMATION

## B-SERIES HYDRAULIC PRESSURE SWITCH MODEL NUMBER:

To specify the exact switch desired, select entries from appropriate tables as shown in example below.


## 1 - ENCLOSURE

Hydraulic pressure switch, Type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements.

| $3-$ ACTUATOR SEAL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code <br> and <br> Material | Process <br> Temperature <br> Limits ${ }^{\circ} F^{(4)}$ |  |
| $V-$ Viton | 20 to 300 | Viton O-Ring, Stainless <br> Steel Pressure Connection |

4 - OPTIONS
Use table from page 10

| 5-STANDARD <br> PRESSURE RANGE |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Range <br> psi | Adjustable <br> Setpoint <br> Limits psi | Proof <br> Pressure <br> psi |
| 1000 | $75-1000$ | 12,000 |
| 2000 | $100-2000$ | 12,000 |
| 3000 | $150-3000$ | 12,000 |
| 5000 | $200-5000$ | 12,000 |
| 7500 | $500-7500$ | 12,000 |

## NOTES:

1 Standard switch.
2 Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches, not independently adjustable.
3 Estimated dc rating, 0.4A, 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
4 Ambient operating temperature limits -20 to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, all styles, setpoint shift of $\pm 1 \%$ of range per $50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ temperature change is normal. Switches are calibrated at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ reference. switches, not independently adjustable.

| 2 - SWITCH ELEMENT SELECTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order Code | Switch Elements UL/CSA Listed SPDT |  |
| $20^{(3)}$ | Narrow deadband ac | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 23 | Heavy duty ac | 22A, 125/250 Vac |
| 24 ${ }^{(1)}$ | General purpose | 15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc <br> 1/4A, $250 \mathrm{Vdc} ; 6 \mathrm{~A}, 30 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| 25 | Heavy duty dc | 10A, 125 Vac or dc, 1/8 HP, 125 Vac or dc |
| $26^{(3)}$ | Sealed environment proof | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 27 | High temperature $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 28 | Manual reset trip on increasing | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 32 | Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose | 11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc |
| UL/CSA Listed Dual (2 SPDT) |  |  |
| $61^{(3)}$ | Dual narrow deadband | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| $62^{(3)}$ | Dual sealed environment proof | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 63 | Dual high temp. $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 15A, 125/250 Vac |
| 64 | Dual general purpose | 15A, 125/250/480 Vac 1/2A, 125 Vdc <br> $1 / 4 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |



## SELECTION

## Before making your selection, consider the following:

## 1. Actuator

The actuator responds to changes in pressure, temperature or differential pressure and operates the switch element in response to these changes.

The actuator is normally exposed to process fluid and must therefore be chemically compatible with it. The following may be used to help select actuator type:

For nominal pressure ranges $0-15$ psi through $0-3000$ psi, Dresser's standard actuator is a diaphragm-sealed piston. In this actuator, process pressure acting on the piston area causes it to overcome the adjustment spring force and actuate a snapaction switch. A diaphragm and O-ring seal the process media from this mechanism. These are available in various materials, ie.: BunaN, Teflon and Viton. The standard process connection is stainless sted. Optional Monel pressure connection is available.
For $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{OPressure}$ and Differential Pressure Ranges, a diaphragm actuator is used. In this design, the standard pressure connections are carbon steel. Diaphragms are available in Viton, BunaN and Teflon. Always review process temperature limits before making seal selections. Optional stainless sted pressure connections are available (option XTA)
For High Differential Pressure Actuator Ranges, 3-15 to 60-600 psid, a Dual Diaphragm-Sealed Piston Actuator is used. This actuator is designed to for high static-pressure applications. The standard pressure connections are nickel-plated brass. Diaphragms are available in Viton, Buna N and Teflon. Always review process temperature limits before making seal selections. Optional stainless steel pressure connections are avail able (option XUD).
For all temperature ranges the standard Ashcroft ${ }^{\text {P }}$ temperature actuator operates on the vapor pressure principle: the vapor pressure in a sealed thermal system is applied to a sensing ele ment, which in turn actuates a switch. This is known as a SAMA Cass II system. Various filling materials are used, including Propane, Butane, Methyl Alcohol, NPropyl Alcohol and Xylene High overtemperature capability is possible with this type of system. The interface between liquid and vapor is the point at which sensing occurs. This is the "sensitive" portion of the bulb. Bulb extensions and capillary are normally filled with vapor, and have little effect on the setpoint, regardless of ambient temperature variations; therefore, no ambient compensation is required. For best results, the bulb should be mounted within 60 degrees of vertical to assure the liquid remains in the bulb.

## 2. Enclosure

The enclosure protects the switch element and mechanism from the environment and has provisions for mounting and wiring. All Ashcroft switch enclosures are epoxy-coated aluminum or stain less steel for maximum corrosion resistance. Choose between watertight NBMA 4, 4X for most industrial applications and explo sion-proof NEMA $7 / 9$ for most process applications.
Ashcroft enclosures include watertight cover gaskets, external mounting holes and one or two $3 / 4$ NPT electrical conduit holes for ease of installation. Pressure switches may also be mounted directly to the process by means of the standard $1 / 4$ NPTF or optional $1 / 2$ NPT pressure connection.

Note: When installing Ashcroft switches, refer to instruction sheets included with each switch, the National Bectrical Code, and any other local codes or requirements to assure safety.

## 3. The Switching Function

Next, consider the switching function. Most applications for alarm
and shutdown are satisfied by single setpoint, fixed deadband modeds. For highllow or alarm and shutdown, the dual setpoint models may be selected. For pump, compressor, level and other control applications, an adjustable deadband model is often the best choice. Consult your Ashcroft representative for dual setpoint or adjustable-deeadband pressure and temperature switches.

## 4. The Switch Element

Finally, the electrical switching element must be compatible with the electrical load being switched. For ease of selection, all electrical switching elements are snap acting, SPDT (single poledouble throw), or 2 (SPDT). Refer to catalog pages for switch element choices. Select a switch element with electrical rating that exceeds the electrical rating of the device being controlled by the switch. For better reliability and safety, optional Hermetically Sealed switching elements may be specified.

## ADDITIONAL SWITCH TERMINOLOGY

Accuracy - (see repeatability) Accuracy normally refers to conformity of an indicated value to an accepted standard value. There is no indication in switch products; thus, instead, the term repeatability is used as the key performance measure. Ashcrofte pressure and temperature switch accuracy is $1 \%$ of nominal range
Automatic Reset Switch - Switch which returns to normal state when actuating variable (pressure or temperature) is reduced.
Adjustable or Operating Range - That part of the nominal range over which the switch setpoint may be adjusted. Normally about $15 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the nominal range for pressure and differentia pressure switches and the full span for temperature switches.
Burst Pressure - The maximum pressure that may be applied to a pressure switch without causing leakage or rupture. This is normally at least 400\% of nominal range for Ashcroft switches. switches subjected to pressures above the nominal range can be permanently damaged. Consult factory for switches that must operate at pressure above nominal range or reference calibration temperature $\left(70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Deadband - The difference between the setpoint and the reset point, normally expressed in units of the actuating variable. Sometimes referred to as differential.
Division 1 - A National Bectrical Code Cassification of hazardous locations. In Division 1 locations, hazardous concentra tions of flammable gases or vapors exist continuously, intermittently or periodically under normal conditions; frequently because of repair or maintenance operation/leakage or due to breakdown or faulty operation of equipment or processes which might also cause simultaneous failure of electrical equipment. Explosionproof NEMA $7 / 9$ enclosures are required in Division 1 locations.
Division 2 - A National Bectrical Code Classification of Hazardous locations. In Division 2 hazardous locations, flammable or volatile liquid or flammable gases are handled, processed or used, but will normally be confined within closed containers or closed systems from which they can escape only in case of accidental rupture or breakdown or in case of abnormal opera tion of equipment. Ether Nema $7 / 9$ explosion-proof enclosures or any enclosure with hermetically sealed switch contacts may be used in Division 2 locations.
Explosion Proof - Aterm commonly used in industry referring to enclosures capable of withstanding an internal explosion of a specified gas without igniting surrounding gases. Strict installa tion practices in accordance with the national electrical code are also required for safety.

Fixed Deadband - The difference between the setpoint and the reset point of a pressure or temperature switch. It further signi-
fies that this deadband is a fixed function of the pressure switch and not adjustable.
Hermetically Sealed Switch - A switch element whose contacts are completely sealed from the environment to provide additional safety and reliability. Contact arc cannot cause an explosion, and atmospheric corrosive elements cannot affect the contacts.
Manual Reset Switch - Pressure or Temp-erature switch in which contacts remain actuated even after the actuating variable returns to normal. On Ashcroft manual reset switches, a button must be pushed to reset the contacts.

National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) - This group has defined several categories of enclosures, usually referred to as "types." Further, they designate certain features and capabilities each type must include. For example, among other features, a NEMA 4 enclosure must include a threaded conduit connector, external mounting provision and cover gaskets. When selecting a NBMA 4 enclosure from any manufacturer, abuyer is assured of receiving these features.
NEMA 4 - Watertight and dusttight enclosures intended for use indoors or outdoors to protect the equipment against splashing, falling or hose-directed water, external condensation and water seepage. They are also sleet-resistant.
NEMA 4X - Watertight, dusttight and corrosion-resistant enclosures with same qualifications as NBMA 4, but with added corrosion resistance.
NEMA 7 - Enclosures for indoor Class I, Division 1 Hazardous locations with gas or vapor atmospheres.
NEMA 9 - Enclosures for indoor Class II, Division 1 Hazardous locations with combustible dust atmospheres.
Normal Switch Position - Contact position before actuating pressure (or variable) is applied. Normally closed contacts open when the switch is actuated. Normally open contacts close when the switch is actuated.

Normally Closed - Refers to switch contacts that are closed in the normal switch state or position (unactuated). A pressure change opens the contacts.
Normally Open Switch - Refers to the contacts that are open in he normal switch state or position (unactuated). A pressure change closes the contacts.

Overpressure Rating(s) - A nonspecific term that could refer to either burst or proof pressure, or both.

Proof Pressure - The maximum pressure which may be applied without causing damage. This is determined under strict laboratory conditions including controlled rate of change and temperature: This value is for reference only. Consult factory for applications where switch must operate at pressures above nominal range, or reference calibration temperature ( $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).

Repeatability (Accuracy) - The closeness of agreement among a number of consecutive measurements of the output setpoint for the same value of the input under the same operating conditions, approaching from the samedirection, for full-rangetraverses. Ashcroft" pressure and temperature switch repeatability is 1\% of nominal range.
Note: It is usually measured as nonrepeatability and expressed as repeatability in percent of span or nominal range. It does not include hysteresis or deadband.
Reset Point - The reset point is the Pressure, Temperature or Differential Pressure Value where the electrical switch contacts will return to their original or normal position after the switch has activated.

Setpoint - The setpoint is the Pressure, Temperature or Differential Pressure value at which the electrical circuit of a switch will change state or actuate. It should be specified either on increase or decrease of that variable. (See also reset point.)
Single-Pole Double Throw (SPDT) Switching Element - A SPDT switching element has one normally open, one normally closed, and one common terminal. The switch can be wired with the circuit either normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC). SPDT is standard with most Ashcroft pressure and temperature switches.
Snap Action - In switch terminology, snap action generally refers to the action of contacts in the switch element. These contacts open and close quickly and snap closed with sufficient pressure to firmly establish an electrical circuit. The term distinguishes products from mercury bottle types that were subject to vibration problems.

Static Pressure - For differential pressure switches, static pressure refers to the lower of the two pressures applied to the actuator.

## OPTIONAL FEATURES AND ACCESSORIES

| B-SERIES SWITCH OPTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Appicable Switch Series |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Pressure |  | Differential Pressure |  | Temp- <br> erature <br> All <br> Ranges | H | Notes |
| Code | Description | (psi) | (in. $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ O) | (psi) | (in. $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ O) |  |  |  |
| XBP | Wall Mounting Bracket in. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| XBX | 1/2" Male NPT Bushing |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| XCH | Chained Cover | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XC8 | CSA Approval | - | - | - | - | - |  | 11 |
| XCN | ATEX Directive 94/9/EC EEx d IIC T6 | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| XFM | FM Approval - Single Element | - | - | - | - |  |  | 17 |
|  | FM Approval - Dual Element | - | - | - | - |  |  | 17 |
| XFP | Fungus Proofing | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XFS | Factory Adjusted Setpoint | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| XG3 | Belleville Actuator | - |  |  |  |  |  | 16,17 |
| XG4 | Teflon Actuator and Pressure Conn. | - |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| XG5 | UL Limit Control to $150{ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  |  |  | - |  |  | 1, 17 |
| XG6 | UL Limit Control to 600 psi | - |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 17 |
| XG7 | Secondary Chamber with Vent | - |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
| XG8 | Steam Limit Control to 300 psi | - |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| XG9 | Fire Safe Welded Actuator | - |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| XHS | High Static Diflerential Pressure |  |  | - |  |  |  | 15 |
| XHX | High Pressure, 40 psi, (static) DIP 160 psi (proof) DIP <br> 100 psi proof pressure |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| XJK | Left Conduit Connection | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| XJL | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ to $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Reducing Bushing | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XK3 | Terminal Block (700 Series only) | - | - | - | - | - |  | 6 |
| XLE | Long Leads on the Micro Switch | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XL9 | Low Hardness SS Press. Conn. | - |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| XNH | Tagging Stainless Steel | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XNN | Paper Tag | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XPK | Pilot Light(s) Top Mounted | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| XPM | 3/4" Sealed Conduit Connection with $16^{\prime \prime}$ Lead Wires | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| XTA | 316 Stainless Steel Pressure Connection for in. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ Range |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| XTM | 2" Pipe Mounting Bracket | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| XUD | 316 Stainless Steel Pressure Conn. |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| X06 | Pressure Connection: <br> 1/2 NPT Male, $1 / 4$ NPT Female <br> 316 Stainless Steel (Combination) | - | - | - | - |  |  | 5 |
| X07 | 1/2 NPTF Press. Conn., 316 SS | - | - | - | - |  |  | 10 |
| X2B | Breather Drain | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| X6B | Cleaned for Oxygen Service | - | - | - |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Diaphragm Seal | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |

## NOTES:

1 Buna $N$ and Viton diaphragm.
2 Advise static or working pressure for differential pressure switches.
3 BunaN cannot be cleaned for oxygen service.
4 NA on 700 Series.
5 Standard with 1000 and 3000 psi ranges. Bottom connection only on DP in $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ Oranges.
6 Terminal Blocks standard with 700 dual switches.

8 Pressure connection $1 \frac{1}{4}$ NPTF.
9 Standard on 700 Series. NA with DPDT element on 400 Series.
10 NA with Monel diaphragm.
11 Standard on 400 Series.
12 NA on 3000 psi range. Available with Teflon diaphragm only.
13 SS diaphragm required. Teflon diaphragm is the backup. NEMA 7 only.

## ATEX Directive 94/9/EC APPROVAL FOR HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

ATEX is a European designation that deals with standards for equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres. This approval is required for switches intended for use in hazardous locations, especially important to OEMs who export to Europe and contractors specifying or purchasing products for European applications. XCN option adds special features to Ashcroft 700-Series switch enclosures that meet the requirements for the highest levels of security and danger,
such as:

- Special locking device requiring an Allen wrench to remove cover
- Special vents that blow out should the diaphragm rupture, thus preventing pressure build-up in the enclosure
- Special conduit plug requiring an Allen wrench for removal
- Available on pressure, temperature and differential pressure models
- Meets Explosion Class EEx d IIC T6


Order option XCN

14 Available in ranges vacuum to 600 psi. Not available with stainless steel or Monel diaphragm.
15 Buna N and Viton diaphragm - 15\#D \& 30\#D only.
$1624,32,64$ or 68 element only.
17 NA on all combinations

## OPTIONAL FEATURES AND ACCESSORIES

## XG9 - FIRE-SAFE WELDED ACTUATOR

## Standard features:

- 3000 psi burst pressure unrestrained at room temperature
- long service life
- all welded - no O-rings
- built-in over range protection
- superior corrosion resistant materials
- interchangeable with current Ashcroft pressure switch actuators
- 15 psi to 600 psi ranges available


## XG6 - U.L. LISTED LIMIT CONROL SWITCH

## Standard features:

- setpoint indicating scale
- adjusting nut stop
- secondary chamber with vent
- optional pilot light for FM requirements


## XG8 - U.L. LISTED STEAM LIMIT CONTROL SWITCH

Standard features:

- 316 stainless steel welded diaphragm
- setpoint indicating scale
- adjusting nut stop


Pressure switch - psi ranges


| A <br> (X06) | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 578 | $51 / 8$ | 4 | $3^{1 / 4}$ | $35 / 16$ | $2^{3 / 4}$ | $25 / 16$ | $1^{11 / 4}$ | $2^{13 / 32}$ | $2^{25 / 16}$ |
| $(149)$ | $(130)$ | $(102)$ | $(83)$ | $(84)$ | $(70)$ | $(59)$ | $(32)$ | $(61)$ | $(59)$ |

Differential pressure switch psi differential ranges


| A | B | C | D | E | F | 1 | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75/32 | 4 | $31 / 4$ | 35/16 | 23/4 | 25/16 | 25/16 | 3 | 3.6 lb |
| (182) | (102) | (83) | (84) | (70) | (59) | (59) | (56) | (1.6 kg) |

Temperature switch - direct mount


| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | I | P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4^{11 / 166}$ | 4 | $3^{1 / 4}$ | $35 / 16$ | $2^{33 / 4}$ | $25 / 16$ | $1^{1 / 4}$ | $25 / 16$ | $15 / 16$ |
| $(119)$ | $(102)$ | $(83)$ | $(84)$ | $(70)$ | $(59)$ | $(32)$ | $(59)$ | $(33)$ |

Pressure switch - inches of water ranges


| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5^{25 / 32}$ | 4 | $2^{3 / 4}$ | $2^{25 / 32}$ | $5^{1 / 8}$ | $3^{1 / 1 / 6}$ | $5^{11 / 16}$ | $2^{27 / 32}$ |
| $(147)$ | $(102)$ | $(70)$ | $(71)$ | $(130)$ | $(78)$ | $(145)$ | $(72)$ |

Differential pressure switch inches of water ranges


| A | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | J | K | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5^{25 / 32}$ | 4 | $2^{3} / 4$ | $2^{25 / 32}$ | $5^{1 / 8}$ | $3^{1 / 16}$ | $5^{11 / 16}$ | $2^{27 / 32}$ |
| $(147)$ | $(102)$ | $(70)$ | $(71)$ | $(130)$ | $(78)$ | $(145)$ | $(72)$ | | 2.7 lb |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1.2 \mathrm{~kg})$ |

Temperature switch - remote mount


| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4^{11} 116$ | 4 | $31 / 4$ | $35 / 16$ | $23 / 4$ | $25 / 16$ | $11 / 4$ | $25 / 16$ | 3 | 3 |
| $(119)$ | $(102)$ | $(83)$ | $(84)$ | $(70)$ | $(59)$ | $(32)$ | $(59)$ | $(76)$ | $(76)$ |

Pressure switch - psi ranges


| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5^{3 / 4}$ | $57 / 32$ | $43 / 8$ | 35 | $37 / 8$ | $25 / 16$ | $1^{7 / 32}$ | $5 / 16$ | $3^{31 / 32}$ | $1^{15 / 166}$ |
| $(146)$ | $(133)$ | $(111)$ | $(92)$ | $(98)$ | $(59)$ | $(31)$ | $(8)$ | $(101)$ | $(49)$ |

Differential pressure switch psi differential ranges


Temperature switch - direct mount


| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $53 / 32$ | $5^{7} / 32$ | $43 / 8$ | 35 | $37 / 8$ | $25 / 16$ | $1^{7 / 32}$ | $5 / 16$ | $311 / 32$ | $15 / 16$ | $15 / 16$ |
| $(129)$ | $(133)$ | $(111)$ | $(92)$ | $(98)$ | $(59)$ | $(31)$ | $(8)$ | $(101)$ | $(49)$ | $(33)$ |


| 3.7 lb |
| :---: |
| $(1.7 \mathrm{~kg})$ |

$(1.7 \mathrm{~kg})$

Pressure switch inches of water ranges


| A | B | E | G | H | $\mathbf{I}$ | J | K | $\mathbf{L}$ | M | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6^{7 / 16}$ | $5^{7 / 32}$ | 37 | $1^{7} / 32$ | $5 / 16$ | $3^{31} / 2$ | $2^{25 / 32}$ | $5^{1 / 8}$ | $3^{1 / 16}$ | $5^{11 / 16}$ | $3^{1 / 2}$ |
| $(164)$ | $(133)$ | $(98)$ | $(31)$ | $(8)$ | $(101)$ | $(71)$ | $(130)$ | $(78)$ | $(145)$ | $(89)$ |

Differential pressure switch inches of water ranges


| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6^{7 / 16}$ | $5^{7} / 32$ | $3^{7 / 8}$ | $1^{7} / 32$ | $5 / 16$ | $3^{31 / 32}$ | $2^{25} / 32$ | $5^{1 / 8}$ | $3^{1 / 16}$ | $5^{11} 116$ | $3^{11 / 2}$ |
| $(164)$ | $(133)$ | $(98)$ | $(31)$ | $(8)$ | $(101)$ | $(71)$ | $(130)$ | $(78)$ | $(145)$ | $(89)$ |

## Temperature switch - remote mount



| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | $\mathbf{Q}$ | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5^{3 / 32}$ | $5^{7 / 32}$ | $4^{3 / 8}$ | 35 | 37 | $3 / 8$ | $25 / 16$ | $1^{1 / 32}$ | $5 / 16$ | $3^{31 / 32}$ | $1^{15 / 16}$ | 3 |
| $(129)$ | $(133)$ | $(111)$ | $(92)$ | $(98)$ | $(59)$ | $(31)$ | $(8)$ | $(101)$ | $(49)$ | $(76)$ | $(76)$ |
| 4.5 lb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(2.0 \mathrm{~kg})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# ADDITIONAL PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE SWITCH APPLICATION INFORMATION 

## DIFFICULT PROCESS MEDIA

When specifying pressure or temperature switches, the material in contact with media must be compatible with it. Otherwise, failure could occur, resulting in leakage, injury, and loss of life, property or production. The user should review prior experience with materials of construction in the process for guidance in material selection. If this is not appropriate, contact Dresser's Control Instrument Operation for assistance. Relevant information such as process media, concentration of each constituent, temperature, pressure, the presence of contaminants, particulate, vibration or pulsation is necessary to make the best recommendation. Refer also to Product Information Page ASH-PI-14B "Corrosion Data Guide".

Some applications are best handled by adding an Ashcroft diaphragm seal to isolate the fluid media from the pressure or differential pressure switch.
Diaphragm seals are recommended where:

- The process media being sensed could clog the pressure element.
- The process media temperature is above or below the ratings of the actuator seal materials.
- The application calls for a sanitary process connection.

Note: The addition of a diaphragm seal may increase the deadband and response time of the pressure switch to process pressure changes. Please consult the Control Instrument Operation for details.

Refer also to Ashcroft Product Bulletin DS-1 and Product Information Page SW/PI-30B, "Switch, Diaphragm Seal Combination."

## OXIDIZING MEDIA

When specifying a pressure switch for use in oxidizing media,
 such as chlorine, oxygen and several other chemical compounds, the wetted materials must be compatible with the media, and the switch should be cleaned for oxygen service. This is necessary to remove any residue that might react violently with the oxidizing media. Specify option X6B (clean for oxygen service). Refer also to Product Information Page SW/PI-6B, "Oxygen Ceaning for Ashcroft Switches."

## STEAM SERVICE

In order to prevent live steam from coming into contact with the switch actuator, a siphon filled with water should be installed between the switch and the process line. We recommend the optional stainless steel welded process connection and diaphragm even though viton is rated for use with steam. Experience has shown that in many steam applications, the $300^{\circ}$ Fhigh temperature limit of Viton is exceeded by steam under pres-
 sure.

In some boiler applications, a special U.L. listing, "MBPR", which requires unique features, is needed. Dresser offers these features with option XG8. Refer also to Product Information Page SW/PI-27A, "Steam Limit Control Switch".

## NACE

The National Associations of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) publishes a standard covering the requirements of metallic materials in contact with process media containing Hydrogen Sulfide. We recommend the use of Monel (code P) wetted materials for most applications. Other alternatives include adding applicable diaphragm seals or low
hardness stainless steel pressure connection (XL9) and teflon diaphragm.
Refer also
to Product Information Page SW-22A,
"Pressure Switches Meeting NACE
Standard MR-01-75"'

## HIGH TEMPERATURE PROCESS

Refer to the actuator seal table for process temperature limits for pressure switch actuators. Pressure switches mounted directly to the process can withstand up to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ when equipped with optional Viton, stainless steel or Monel wetted parts. If process temperature exceeds $300^{\circ}$, four feet of $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ tubing between the process and the switch will generally protect the switch from damage.

Alternatively, an Ashcroft diaphragm seal selected from bulletin DS-1 can be used to isolate the switch from the hot process.

## VIBRATION

Generally, vibration will not harm Ashcroft pressure switches. However, premature tripping may occur under severe conditions.
This tends to be annoying, but repeatable for a given situation and might be in the order of $5 \%$ to $10 \%$ of switch range from the setpoint, i.e. a 100 psi switch set at 50 psi on increasing pressure might trip somewhere between 40 and 45 psi on increasing pressure. This would not reduce the life of the pressure switch.

The best approach in this type of application is to mount the switch remotely, connecting the switch to the process or equipment with flexible tubing. If this is not possible, consider the use of the Belleville actuator, option XG3.
Refer also to
Product Information
Page SW/PI-58,
"Belleville Actuator."

## PULSATION

Pressure pulsation below the range of the pressure switch will not harm it. However, because the switch can react to pressure pulses less than one-second duration, it might be desirable to include a dampening device. Several Ashcroft accessories such as snubbers address this situation. Refer to the accessory section of Ashcroft Ordering Handbook (OH-1), or consult your Ashcroft representative for more information.

## MOUNTING

All Ashcroft pressure, temperature and differential pressure switches with snap acting contacts may be mounted in any position. This includes the sensing bulbs of temperature switches. This is an important advantage of snap acting switch designs.

## ADDITIONAL PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE SWITCH APPLICATION INFORMATION

## SWITCH ELEMENT SELECTION

B-Series switches are available with a wide variety of snap acting switch elements to meet most electrical requirements. The standard contact arrangement is single pole, double throw (S.P.D.T.). This includes both normally open and normally closed contacts. Standard contact material is fine silver which generally is suitable for switching 8 volts or more, up to the rating in the Switch Bement Selection Table. When switching less than 8 volts, optional Gold Alloy contacts are recommended.

Optional dual, or 2 S.P.D.T. contacts may be supplied in B-Series enclosures for applications requiring two switch functions at the same setpoint. These contacts are technically not double pole, double throw (D.P.D.T.). They are synchronized at the factory to actuate within $1 \%$ of nominal range of each other. For simultaneous actuation of 2 S.P.D.T. contacts, option XG3 should be ordered. Refer also to SW/PI-58 "Belleville Actuator.'

## HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

a. Division I.

Ashcroft 700 series or other explosion proof enclosures are required to meet the require ments of Division I Hazardous Loca tions as defined by the National Eectrical Code.
b. Division II. These enclosures also meet the less stringent require-
 ments for Division II Hazardous Locations. Alternatively, Ashcroft 400 series or other watertight enclosures with hermetically sealed switch elements are approved for use in Division II hazardous locations.
c. Intrinsic Safety.

Ashcroft 400 and 700 series pressure and temperature switches may be used with approved barriers in most intrinsically safe systems. These switches do not create or store energy and are therefore designated "simple devices" in these systems.
d. ATEX Approval. (optional)

Ashcroft 700 series pressure and temperature switches are approved for ATEX directive 94/9/EC. This European directive is for equipment intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres. See option XCN on page 10.

## INFORMATION \& GUIDELINES FOR SETTING ASHCROFT PRESSURE, TEMPERATURE AND DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCHES

All Ashcroft pressure, temperature and differential pressure switches can be set at any point between about $15 \%$ and $100 \%$ of the range as designated on the label or the nominal range table.

Ashcroft pressure and temperature switches can be either set in the field or ordered from the factory preset to your requirements. When set at the factory, the specification is $\pm 1 \%$ of the nominal range.
Factory setting, or XFS, is a very popular option, and as a result, we often receive orders that do not have enough information or have incorrect information.

## HOW TO ORDER

When "XFS" is desired:

1. Setpoint must be indicated.
2. Increasing or decreasing pressure must be indicated.

Ex: B424B XFS 100\#
Set: 60\# decreasing
3. For differential pressure switches, static operating pressure must also be specified.


For other Ashcroft switch models request Ashcroft Bulletin, Switch Quick Guide QG3. All product information pages mentioned in this bulletin can be downloaded from our web site.

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## Economy Timing Relays

(Catalog Number 700-FE)

## Product Data



The Bulletin 700-FE Economy Timing Relays consist of Multi-Function, Single Function, and Special Function designs. These products are offered in a compact, DIN rail mountable package to meet the customers timing needs at an economical price.

- 17.5 mm (11/16 inch) Wide
- 24 V AC/DC (1 NO only) 110-240V AC
- 24-48V DC (SPDT only) 24-240V AC
- DIN Rail Mounting
- Finger Safe Terminals
- 1 Normally Open Output Contact
- Multi-Function (On-Delay, Off-Delay, One Shot, Flasher, with 4 Timing Ranges)
- Single Function (On-Delay, Off-Delay, One Shot, Flasher, with 4 Timing Ranges)
- Single Pull Double Throw (SPDT) Contact Configuration
- Multi-Function (On-Delay, Off-Delay, One Shot, Flasher, with 6 Timing Ranges)
- Single Function (On-Delay, Off- Delay, One Shot, Flasher, Fleeting Off-Delay, Pulse Converter, with 6 Timing Ranges)
- Special Function (Star-Delta with 4 Timing Ranges)


## Catalog Number Explanation



Multi-Function Economy Relays

| 700-FE | M | 1 | R | U23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Function | Assembly of contacts | Time ranges | Supply voltages |
|  | M Multi-function timing relays with a Single-function: A, B, D and $F$ | 11 normally open contact 1 N.O. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { R } 0.5 \mathrm{~s} . . .1 \mathrm{~h} \\ \text { (4 settings) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { U22 } & 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC/DC© } \\ & 110 \ldots . .240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 31 Changeover contact $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ (SPDT) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T } 0.05 \mathrm{~s} \ldots . .10 \mathrm{~h} \\ & \text { (6 settings) } \end{aligned}$ | U23 24... 48 VDC <br> 24... 240 V $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |

## Single Function Economy Relays

| 700-FE | A | 1 | S | U23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Function | Assembly of contacts | Time ranges | Supply voltages |
|  | A On-delay <br> B Off-delay <br> D One shot <br> E Fleeting off-delay | Functions A, B, D, F: <br> 1 normally open contact 1 N.O. | S $0.75 \mathrm{~s} . . .1 \mathrm{~h}$ (4 settings) | U22 24 V AC/DC© $110 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | F Flasher (repeat cycle starting with pulse) <br> L Pulse converter | All functions: <br> 31 Changeover contact $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ (SPDT) |  | U23 24... 48 VDC <br> 24... 240 V $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Special Function Economy Relays |  |  |  |  |
| 700-FE | Y | 2 | Q | U23 |
|  | Function | Assembly of contacts | Time ranges | Supply voltages |
|  | Y Star-delta timing relays | 22 normally open contacts 2 N.O. 1 side common | Q 0.15 s ... 10 min (4 settings) | U23 24... 48 VDC <br> 24... 240 V $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |

(1) Voltage is either 24V DC or 24 V AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

## Technical Data

700-FEM Multi-Function Economy Relays


700-FE Single Function Economy Relays

| Description | 11 NO | 4 SPDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Multi-time setting ranges $0.75 \mathrm{~s} . . .60 \mathrm{~m}$ | Multi-time setting ranges $0.05 \mathrm{~s} . .10 \mathrm{~h}$ |
|  |  |  |
| Also See 700-FE Timing Charts | Cat. No. | Cat. No. |
| (A) On-delay | 700-FEA1SU22 | - |
| The output contact changes state after the time delay is completed | - | 700-FEA3TU23 |
| (B) Off-delay <br> Input power must be supplied to terminal (A1/A2) continuously. The output contact changes state when switch " S " is closed. When switch " S " is opened, the time delay begins. After the time delay is completed, the contact returns to shelf state. | 700-FEB1SU22 | - |
|  | - | 700-FEB3TU23 |
| (D) One shot <br> The output contact changes state when the relay is energized. The output contact returns to shelf state when the time delay is completed. | 700-FED1SU22 | - |
|  | - | 700-FED3TU23 |
| (F) Flasher (repeat cycle starting with pulse) <br> The output contact changes state when the power is applied. At the end of the time delay, the output contact returns to shelf state. This cycle continues until the power is removed. | 700-FEF1SU22 | - |
|  | - | 700-FEF3TU23 |
| (E) Fleeting off-delay <br> Input power must be supplied to terminal (A1/A2) continuously. The output contact changes state after closing and opening switch " S ". After the time delay is completed, the contact returns to shelf state. | - | 700-FEE3TU23 |
| (L) Pulse converter <br> Input power must be supplied to terminal (A1/A2) continuously. When switch " S " is closed, the output contact changes state. When the time delay is complete, the output contact returns to shelf state. The time " t " is not influenced by the duration of the control pulse. | - | 700-FEL3TU23 |

(c) Voltage is either 24V DC or 24 V AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

## Technical Data, Continued

## 700-FEY Special Function Economy Relays

| Description | Multi-time setting ranges |
| :---: | :---: |

## Specifications

Time characteristics (according to VDE 0435, part 2021)


## Specifications, Continued

## General Specifications

|  | 11 No | 4 SPDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insulation characteristics | $2 \mathrm{kVAC} / 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ test voltage according to VDE 0435 <br> and $4 \mathrm{kV} 1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ surge voltage according to IEC $947-1$ between all inputs and outputs |  |
| EMC/Interference immunity | The following requirements are fulfilled: <br> Surge capacity of the supply voltage <br> according to IEC 1000-4-5: Level 3 (A1-A2) 110... 240 VAC <br> according to IEC 1000-4-5: Level 2 (A3-A2) $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC( }$ <br> Burst according to IEC 1000-4-4: Level 3 <br> ESD discharge according to IEC 1000-4-2: Level 3 | The following requirements are fulfilled: Surge capacity of the supply voltage according to IEC 1000-4-5: Level 3 Burst according to IEC 1000-4-4: Level 3 ESD discharge according to IEC 1000-4-2: Level 3 |
| EMC/Emmission | electromagnetical fields according to EN 55 022: Class B |  |
| Safe isolation | according to VDE 106, Part 101 |  |
| Climatic withstand | 56 cycles ( 24 h ) at $25 . . .40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 95\% rel. humidity according to IEC 68-2-30 and IEC 68-2-3 |  |
| Vibration resistance | 4 g in 3 axis at $10 . . .500 \mathrm{~Hz}$, test FC according to IEC 68-2-6 |  |
| Shock resistance | 50 g according to IEC 68-2-27 |  |
| Protection class IEC 947-1 | Enclosure: Terminal: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IP } 40 \\ & \text { IP } 20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Weight | 60 g | 60 g |
| Approvals | UL, C-UL, CE Certified | UL, C-UL, Germanischer Lloyd, CE Certified |
| Ambient temperature | Open: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Enclosed: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Storage: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Connections | Screw terminal M3 for Pozidriv No.1, Philips and slotted screws No.2. suitable for power screw-driver. <br> Rated tightening torque $8.8 \mathrm{LB}-\mathrm{IN}(\max .1 .0 \mathrm{Nm})$ <br> For terminal cross-sections of $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \ldots 2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (solid) or $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (stranded with sleeve), AWG $20 \ldots 14$. Finger protection according to VDE 0106 |  |
| Mounting | For surface mounting in any position; snap-on mounting on 35 mm DIN rail or by adapter and 2 screws M4 type |  |
| Disposal | Synthetic materials without dioxin according to EC/EFTA-Notification No. 93/0141/D electrical contacts are AgCdO |  |

## (1) Voltage is either 24V DC or 24 V AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

## Approximate Dimensions

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches).
Dimensions are not intended to be used for
manufacturing purposes.


## Timing Charts


(B) Off-delay

(F) Flasher (repeat cycle starting with pulse)

(L) Pulse converter


Single Color LED: 1 NO Contact Timers

| $\square O N=$ green: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | OFF = no color |

## (Y) Star-Delta




2 NO with Common

Wiring Connections
17 Common
18 Y
$28 \Delta$

## Single Color LED: 2 N.O. with Common

$\square \mathrm{ON}=$ green $\quad \square \quad \mathrm{OFF}=$ no color

NOTE: For the initiate control contact B1, any external power within the supply voltage range can be used. For B1, a different voltage compared to the supply voltage A1/A3-A2 can also be used. For example: A1-A2 = 230 VAC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{~B} 1-\mathrm{A} 2=24 \mathrm{VDC}$, where A2 is the common connection.

## Applications

| Sequence | Description <br> On-Delay (A) <br> Motor Starting <br> the Starter Coil (1M) and the Timer Coil <br> (TR). The Hold-In Contact (1M) closes to <br> maintain the circuit after the Start Button <br> is released. When the time delay is <br> complete, the contact (TR) closes which <br> energizes coil 2M. Therefor Motor 2M is <br> always started after Motor 1M. | Pushing the Start Button energizes both <br> 1M and 2M. Pushing the Stop Button <br> de-energizes 1M and the Timer (TR) <br> de-energizes 2M after the time delay. This <br> allows Motor 2M to remain energized for a <br> predetermined time after 1M is stopped |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Off-Delay (B) |  |  |

## Applications, Continued

| Sequence | Description | Wiring Diagram |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flasher (Repeat Cycle Starting with Pulse) (F) <br> Flashing a Pilot Light | When Limit Switch (1LS) closes, the Timer (TR) will be energized to close and open the contact for the time delay setting, causing the Pilot Light to flash. | Flashing a Pilot Light |
| Pulse Converter (L) <br> Pulses Are Turned Into a Set or Predetermined Output | When the Photo Switch closes, the contact TR closes to energize Motor 1M for the predetermined time setting. <br> Time setting is 0.05 s to 10 h . <br> The timer will not be reset by the opening or pulsing of the photo switch until the time delay is completed. | When the photo SW closes, or closes and opens, the Motor 1 M will run for the time setting |
| Star-Delta (Y) <br> Starting a Star-Delta Motor | Pushing the Start Button energizes the relay CR and the timer TR. Both will hold in through CR. Contact 17-18 will close energizing the Star Contactor ( Y ), and starting the motor for the predetermined time. Then contact 17-18 will open and 50 ms to 65 ms later contact $17-28$ will close to energize the Delta Contactor ( $\Delta$ ). | Starting a Star-Delta motor |

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- Modules compatible with 700-HN153 socket (for 700-HB relay)


700-HC Series D


700-HP PCB "Pin" Style


700-A Plug and Play Module

## Coil and Contact Suppression Sockets

- 700-HN104 (for 700-HC relay), 700-HN123 (for 700-HP relay)
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- Able to insert optional plug and play 700-A modules

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